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Coordinated Concurrent Programming in SYNDICATE

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matthias@ccs.neu.edu Northeastern University How can we organise our interactive programs?

How can we organise our interactive programs?

With a programming language!

How can we organise our interactive programs?

Syndicate



Interactive System



External Concurrency



Lots of External Concurrency



Lots of External Concurrency Internal Organisation Reflects External Concurrency



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Lots of External Concurrency Internal Organisation Reflects External Concurrency















event × state \rightarrow [action] × state





event × state \rightarrow [action] × state















event \times state \rightarrow [action] \times state "I, actor #94, am interested in keeping track of assertions of the form [keyDown, \star]." $[c_rentScore, 3] \rightarrow actor #17$ $[k_{eyDown,space}] \rightarrow actor #42$ [sprite, player, 51, 100, $\textcircled{2} \rightarrow actor #94$] $\rightarrow actor #94$?[keyDown, \star] \rightarrow actor #94



event × state \rightarrow [action] × state










































Messages are transient assertions

< [incrementScoreBy,3] >

{ [incrementScoreBy,3] }
 followed by
 { }

General challenges of interactivity

- Mapping events to components
- Building a shared understanding
- Partial failure
- Scoped conversational state

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Mapping events to components: OO

```
public class ControllerListener {
23456789
       private Level currentLevel;
       private Player player;
       ... /* repeat for each target! */
       public void handleControllerEvent(ControllerEvent e) {
           switch (e.getCode()) {
             case ControllerEvent.VK_START:
                 currentLevel.abandon(); return;
             case ControllerEvent.VK_LEFT:
                 player.moveLeft(); return;
             ... /* repeat for each key! */
13
           }
       public void changeLevel(Level newLevel) {
16
           this.currentLevel = newLevel;
       }
18
```

Mapping events to components: Actors

```
1 -module(eventmapping).
  -behaviour(gen_server).
 2
3
   -record(state, {current_level, player}).
 5
 6
  init([PlayerPid]) ->
       ok = controller:subscribe(self()),
       {ok, #state{current_level = undefined,
 8
 9
                   player = PlayerPid}.
  handle_cast({controller_event, start}, State) ->
       gen_server:cast(State#state.current_level, abandon),
       {noreply, State};
5 handle_cast({controller_event, left}, State) ->
       gen_server:cast(State#state.player, move_left),
16
       {noreply, State}.
17
18
19 handle_call({change_level, LevelPid}, _From, State) ->
       {reply, ok, State#state{current_level = LevelPid}}.
20
```

Mapping events to components: Syndicate

```
;; Level actor:
 2
  (actor
 3
    (until (message (controller-event 'start))
 4
        ... event handlers ...
 5
6
7
      ))
   ;; Player actor:
 8
   (actor
 9
    (until (message 'kill-player)
10
           #:collect [(state (initial-player-state))]
      (on (message (controller-event 'left))
12
          (update-position state -1 0))
13
         ... other event handlers ...
      ;;
))
14
```

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```
public class GamePieces {
       private Set<GamePiece> pieces = new HashSet<>();
 2
3
 4
5
6
7
9
10
11
12
13
       public void addGamePiece(GamePiece p) {
            pieces.add(p);
       }
       public void removeGamePiece(GamePiece p) {
            pieces.remove(p);
14
15
       }
16
18
19
20
22
   }
```

17

21

```
public class GamePieces {
       private Set<GamePiece> pieces = new HashSet<>();
 2
 3
       private Set<GamePieceListener> subscribers = new HashSet<>();
 4
 5
       public void addGamePiece(GamePiece p) {
 6
7
           pieces.add(p);
           for (GamePieceListener 1 : subscribers)
 8
               l.gamePieceAdded(p);
 9
       }
10
11
       public void removeGamePiece(GamePiece p) {
12
           pieces.remove(p);
13
           for (GamePieceListener 1 : subscribers)
14
               l.gamePieceRemoved(p);
15
       }
16
17
       public void subscribe(GamePieceListener 1) {
18
           subscribers.add(1);
19
20
       }
22
   }
23
24
   public interface GamePieceListener {
25
       void gamePieceAdded(GamePiece p);
       void gamePieceRemoved(GamePiece p);
26
27
```

21

```
public class GamePieces {
       private Set<GamePiece> pieces = new HashSet<>();
 2
 3
       private Set<GamePieceListener> subscribers = new HashSet<>();
 4
 5
6
7
       public void addGamePiece(GamePiece p) {
           pieces.add(p);
           for (GamePieceListener 1 : subscribers)
 8
               l.gamePieceAdded(p);
 9
       }
10
11
       public void removeGamePiece(GamePiece p) {
12
           pieces.remove(p);
13
           for (GamePieceListener 1 : subscribers)
14
               l.gamePieceRemoved(p);
15
       }
16
       public void subscribe(GamePieceListener 1) {
17
           subscribers.add(1);
18
           for (GamePiece p : pieces)
19
20
               l.gamePieceAdded(p);
21
       }
22
   }
23
24
   public interface GamePieceListener {
25
       void gamePieceAdded(GamePiece p);
       void gamePieceRemoved(GamePiece p);
26
27
```

```
public class GamePieces {
       private Set<GamePiece> pieces = new HashSet<>();
 2
       private Set<GamePieceListener> subscribers = new HashSet<>();
 3
 4
 5
       public void addGamePiece(GamePiece p) {
 6
           pieces.add(p);
 7
           for (GamePieceListener 1 : new HashSet<GamePieceListener>(subscribers))
 8
               l.gamePieceAdded(p);
 9
       }
10
       public void removeGamePiece(GamePiece p) {
           pieces.remove(p);
           for (GamePieceListener 1 : new HashSet<GamePieceListener>(subscribers))
               l.gamePieceRemoved(p);
15
       }
16
       public void subscribe(GamePieceListener 1) {
18
           subscribers.add(1);
19
           for (GamePiece p : new HashSet<GamePiece>(pieces))
20
               l.gamePieceAdded(p);
21
       }
22
   }
23
24
  public interface GamePieceListener {
25
       void gamePieceAdded(GamePiece p);
       void gamePieceRemoved(GamePiece p);
26
27
```

Building a shared understanding: Actors

```
-record(state, [pieces, subscribers]).
 2
   handle_call({add_piece, P}, _From, State) ->
       Subscribers = sets:to_list(State#state.subscribers),
 4
 5
       [ gen_server:cast(S, {add_piece, P}) || S <- Subscribers],</pre>
       NewState = State#state{pieces = sets:add_element(P, State#state.pieces)}.
 6
 7
       {reply. ok. NewState};
 9
  handle_call({del_piece, P}, _From, State) ->
       Subscribers = sets:to_list(State#state.subscribers),
10
       [ gen_server:cast(S, {del_piece, P}) || S <- Subscribers],</pre>
11
       NewState = State#state{pieces = sets:del_element(P, State#state.pieces)},
12
13
       {reply, ok, NewState};
14
15
  handle_call({add_sub, S}, _From, State) ->
16
       Pieces = sets:to_list(State#state.pieces).
17
       [ gen_server:cast(S, {add_piece, P}) || P <- Pieces],</pre>
       NewState = State#state{subscribers =
18
19
                                   sets:add_element(S, State#state.subscribers)}.
       {reply, ok, NewState}.
20
```

Building a shared understanding: Syndicate

```
;; Each game piece:
 2
   (actor
 3
    (forever #:collect [(state (initial-game-piece-state))]
 4
     (assert (game-piece-state state))
 5
6
7
8
     ;; ... other event handlers change `state`,
            and `assert` automatically re-publishes it
     ))
 9
   ;; Each subscribing party:
10
   (actor
    (forever
11
12
     (on (retracted (game-piece-state $old-state))
13
         ;; ... remove old state from records ...
14
15
     (on (asserted (game-piece-state $new-state))
         ;; ... add new state to records ...
16
17
```

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Partial Failure: Actors (Erlang)



Partial Failure: Syndicate



Partial Failure: Syndicate


Partial Failure: Syndicate



Partial Failure: Syndicate



Partial Failure: Syndicate



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Scoped Conversational State: OO

```
public class LevelInstance {
 2
3
       private PlayerAvatar avatar;
       private Set<EnemyPiece> enemies;
 4
       private GoldenKey key;
 5
       . . .
 6
 7
       private ScoreKeeper scoreKeeper; // needed to be able to add points
 8
 9
       public void dispose() {
10
           avatar.dispose();
11
           for (EnemyPiece e : enemies) e.dispose();
12
           key.dispose();
13
           // don't accidentally dispose scoreKeeper here!
14
       }
15
  }
```















Scoped Conversational State: Syndicate













ZERO → OK- → OK → OK+



syn·di·cate a language for interactive programs

Actors + Dataspaces + Assertions + Nesting

Paper: – Formal semantics & basic properties

- Incremental SCN protocol & equivalence thm
- Tries for efficient dataspace implementation
- Performance model & measurements
- Case studies: TCP/IP stack, GUI widget

http://syndicate-lang.org/